Patient & Family Guide

Esophageal Soft Eating Guidelines



Esophageal Soft Eating Guidelines

Follow these guidelines for 4 weeks after your surgery or dilation. If you have an esophageal stent, you will need to follow these guidelines as long as your stent is in place.

These guidelines include soft, moist (wet) foods and liquids that are easy to swallow.

It is important to avoid foods that may irritate (bother) your throat or block your stent.

Eating guidelines

- Make sure all food is soft and moist. Add sauces, gravies, butter, or margarine to moisten food.
- Cut food into small pieces.
- Do not swallow hard chunks or food that is dry and/or crumbly.
- Eat and drink slowly.
- Take small bites and chew solid foods very well.
- Eat 6 to 8 small meals a day.
- Take sips of liquid during and after your meal.
 If you have a stent, take a small sip after each bite.

- Stop eating when you start to feel full.
- Avoid food and drinks that are very hot or very cold.
- Sit upright when eating. Stay upright for at least 45 minutes after eating.
- Stop eating and drinking 3 hours before bedtime.
- To avoid gas or bloating, do not use straws, chew gum, or eat hard candies, mints, or lozenges. Avoid carbonated (bubbly) drinks, like pop.
- Chew food with your mouth closed.

Note: If your surgeon wants you to only have liquids and purees at first, follow Step 1: Puree Diet for _____ days, then move to Step 2: Esophageal Soft Diet.

Step 1: Puree Diet

Have only liquids and **smooth** pureed foods, like:

- › Water, juice, milk
- > Milkshakes
- > Smooth yogurts, puddings
- > Broth, strained or blended soups

- Ice cream, sherbet, sorbet
- Jell-O[®] (soften Jell-O[®] to a liquid in your mouth before swallowing)
- Nutritional supplement drinks (like Carnation Breakfast Essentials®, Ensure®, or Boost®)
- Store-bought bottled, pureed meat, vegetables, and fruit (no chunks)
- Campbell's® Trepuree® frozen pureed entrees, homemade strained pureed foods
- Foods should be the consistency of smooth applesauce or pudding, with no chunks or strings.
- Limit yourself to 1 cup (250 ml) per hour for the first 1 to 2 days. Be sure to eat slowly.
- Ask your dietitian for the pamphlet How to Puree Foods:
 - > www.nshealth.ca/sites/nshealth.ca/files/ patientinformation/0624.pdf
- You can buy Campbell's® Trepuree® frozen pureed entrees from the VON (Victorian Order of Nurses for Canada) in some communities.
- Drink 3 to 4 store-bought or homemade (see recipes on page 8) high-protein, high-calorie drinks each day (like Ensure®, Boost®, or Carnation Breakfast Essentials®).
 - For extra calories, choose Ensure[®] Plus Calories or Boost[®] Plus Calories.

Step 2: Esophageal Soft Diet

Best choices	Foods to avoid
 Grain products Cooked cereal (like oatmeal or Cream of Wheat®) Dry cereal that softens easily with milk (like Rice Krispies® or corn flakes) Pasta with sauce Soft casseroles (like macaroni and cheese without toppings) Rice that is soft and moist in soups and sauces Crushed crackers or pieces of bread with crusts off, soaked in soup Pancakes softened and soaked in liquid (like syrup, milk, or tea) Arrowroot or ginger snap cookies softened in liquid (like milk, tea, or coffee) 	 All fresh, "doughy", or crusty bread, muffins, biscuits, waffles, toast, and baked goods (including pie crust) Granola, shredded wheat Breads and cereals containing nuts, seeds, coconut, or dried fruit

Best choices

Vegetables and fruit

- Soft, very well-cooked vegetables with skins removed, chopped fine and used in soups, sauces, and stews
- Soft, moist, mashed white or sweet potatoes, turnips, carrots, squash, or parsnips, with peels removed, in gravy or sauce
- Soft scalloped potatoes
- Canned, ground, or crushed tomatoes, tomato juice, and tomato soup
- Minced yellow or green beans and minced soft peas in gravy or sauce
- Canned and cooked fruit with peels removed
- Fruit and vegetable juice
- Ripe banana, mashed or chewed well
- Applesauce blends

Foods to avoid

- Raw or stir-fried vegetables, salads, coleslaw
- Tough or stringy cooked vegetables:
 - > Spinach
 - Celery
 - > Whole peas
 - Whole green and yellow beans
 - > Brussels sprouts
 - Stewed and diced tomatoes
 - > Asparagus
 - > Corn
- Raw fruit (bananas are OK)
- Pineapple, grapes, kiwi, grapefruit, oranges, rhubarb, berries
- Dried or candied fruit:
 - → Raisins
 - > Currants
 - Dates

Best choices	Foods to avoid
 Milk products Milk and milk substitutes (like white, chocolate, almond, soy, oat) Smooth yogurt, pudding, ice cream, frozen yogurt, mousse, custard, sherbet Cottage cheese with liquid, chewed well Thin cheese sauce Ricotta cheese used in a sauce, or milk 	 Stringy, cooked cheese (like melted cheddar or mozzarella) Hard cheese Yogurt, ice cream, and frozen yogurt with nuts, granola, or chunks of fruit Dry cottage cheese
 Meat and alternatives Minced tender meat or poultry, or soft boneless fish in gravy, sauce, or broth Scrambled, poached, or soft-boiled eggs, chopped and topped with melted margarine or sauce Well-cooked, tender or mashed legumes and lentils in soup or sauce (like soft baked beans) Soft tofu in soup or sauce 	 Dry, tough, stringy or gristly (chewy) meats Fish with bones or batter Bacon Nuts and seeds Hard-boiled and fried eggs Peanut butter (unless it is blended in a smoothie or pudding to remove stickiness) Firm tofu (unless it is blended)

Best choices	Foods to avoid
Pest choices Other Nutritional drinks (like Ensure®, Boost®) Milkshakes, Carnation Breakfast Essentials® Store-bought eggnog, sherbet, Jell-O® Smooth filling from a pudding-type pie (like banana cream, butterscotch, or pumpkin pie filling)	 Foods to avoid Popcorn, chips, taco chips Foods containing coconut, nuts, seeds, or dried fruit Pickles, olives Gelatin-type candies (like gum drops, jelly beans) Cake, pie, pastry Toffee
' ' ' '	• Toffee
with whipped cream and without chunks	
or pieces of coconut (soft pieces of banana chewed well are OK)	

Note: Ask your dietitian if you should take a liquid or chewable multi-vitamin and mineral supplement. Be sure to chew tablets completely and have a drink to help any pieces go down.

High-Protein, High-Calorie Drink Recipes

High-Protein Milk

- > 1 cup (250 ml) whole milk
- > 1/4 cup (60 ml) skim milk powder

Add powder to milk. Mix until dissolved. Keep in the fridge.

Makes: 1 serving

Energy: 260 calories

Protein: 19 grams

Can be used:

- > As a drink, in milkshakes
- On cereal and with cooked or pureed fruit
- In soups, puddings, cream sauces, and mashed potatoes

High-Protein Milkshake

- > 1 cup (250 ml) whole milk
- 1/2 cup (125 ml) plain ice cream or frozen yogurt
- > 1/4 cup (60 ml) skim milk powder
- 1/2 cup (125 ml) fruit (try bananas or peaches)

Place ingredients in blender. Blend ingredients together until smooth. Keep in the fridge.

Makes: 1 serving

Energy: 345 calories Protein: 22 grams

To use homemade drinks safely:

- Keep drinks in the fridge and throw out after 24 hours (1 day).
- Do not keep drinks at room temperature for longer than 2 hours.
- Do not add raw eggs to blended drinks. Try Egg beaters® or Naturegg™ egg substitutes. These are found in the cold or frozen section at the grocery store.

What are your questions? Please ask. We are here to help you.

Notes:			

Looking for more health information?

Find this pamphlet and all our patient resources here: https://library.nshealth.ca/PatientEducation Contact your local public library for books, videos, magazines, and other resources.

For more information, go to http://library.novascotia.ca

Connect with a registered nurse in Nova Scotia any time: call 811 or visit https://811.novascotia.ca Learn about other programs and services in your community: call 211 or visit http://ns.211.ca

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