Patient & Family Guide

# Breast Reduction Surgery: Care At Home



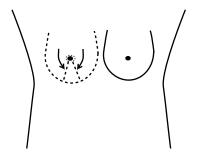
## Breast Reduction Surgery: Care At Home

#### During surgery

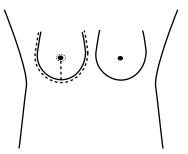
- You are having breast reduction surgery, also called a reduction mammaplasty.
- Your breasts will be reshaped by removing fat, glandular tissue, and skin.
- An anchor-shaped incision (cut) will be made that circles the nipple and goes down to the natural curve under the breast.
- The surgery may leave scars. These can most often be covered by a bra or bathing suit.
- During surgery, some milk ducts in your breasts will be removed. You will likely no longer be able to breastfeed.
- This surgery is usually done under general anesthetic (you are asleep during surgery).
  You may need to stay in the hospital for \_\_\_\_\_ days.



After surgery



Incisions



Incision lines follow natural body curves

\*Dotted lines show where incisions will be

#### After surgery

- You may have a binder dressing (a tight-fitting dressing wrapped around your chest and back). This will be removed by your surgeon in \_\_\_\_\_ days.
- You may have Steri-Strips<sup>™</sup> (pieces of cloth-like tape) directly over your incisions.
- Rarely, a small tube may be used in each breast to drain extra fluids that may collect after surgery. These drains will be removed on \_\_\_\_\_\_ by your surgeon.

(date)

- You will need a soft supportive sports bra.
  Wear this bra day and night starting
   \_\_\_\_\_ weeks after surgery.
- Your surgeon may suggest that you arrange for help at home for several days after surgery.

# Discomfort

• You may have discomfort and/or pain. Your surgeon may prescribe pain pills as needed.

# Activity

- Do not shower unless your surgeon tells you it is safe to do so. Do not take a bath until your surgeon says your incisions are completely healed.
- Slowly increase your activity as you feel able.
- You may lift your arms gently to comb your hair.
- Avoid straining or lifting over 5 pounds, including children, for\_\_\_\_\_ weeks.
- Avoid strenuous (hard) exercise for \_\_\_\_weeks.
- Avoid pushing or pulling for \_\_\_\_\_ weeks.
- Ask your surgeon when you can return to work.

### Nutrition

• Eat healthy, regular meals. Healthy food will help you heal faster.

### Sensation, swelling, and bruising

- You may have a burning sensation (feeling) in your nipples for about 2 weeks after surgery. This will go away as the swelling in your breasts goes away.
- Breast swelling and bruising may take 3 to 6 weeks to go away.
- It may take 6 months to a year for your breasts to settle into their new shape.

#### What are your questions? Please ask. We are here to help you.

#### Contact your surgeon or primary health care provider right away if you have any of the following symptoms:

- Breast or chest wall swelling in a short amount of time in the first 24 hours (1 day) after surgery. This could be a sign of hematoma (blood pooling). The breast may keep getting more full and firm, and you may have swelling and a feeling of pressure. This usually happens in one breast or on one side of the chest.
- Fever and/or chills
- Redness or increased swelling along your incision(s)
- Any discharge from your incision(s) especially if it has an smell or colour
- Separation (pulling apart) of your incisions
- Pain that is not helped by prescribed medication
- Small sores around your nipple(s)

If you cannot reach your surgeon or primary health care provider, go to your nearest Emergency Department. Follow-up

Your surgeon will see you for a follow-up appointment on \_\_\_\_\_

If you do not have a follow-up appointment scheduled, call the Plastic Surgery Clinic.

My surgeon: \_\_\_\_

Plastic Surgery Clinic 4th Floor Halifax Infirmary, QEII 902-473-7518

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